Decentralised wastewater treatment with full resource recovery

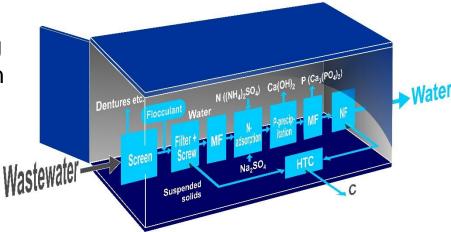


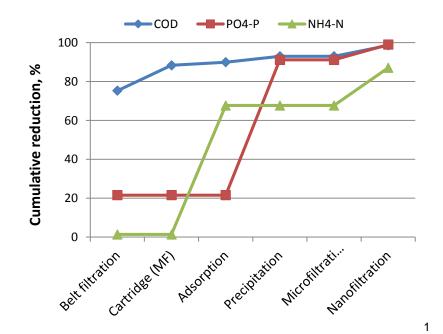
Target

 Preserve the aquatic ecosystem by recovering products from wastewater using a combination of physico-chemical units applicable for varying wastewater loads and temperatures

Results

- Good recovery results: suspended solids, COD and phosphorous reduction 99%, nitrogen reduction 87%
- Products: nutrients as inorganic fertilizers, carbon as biochar and reusable water
 - Production of N, P -fertilizers worthwhile when recovering high concentrations from water
 - Suspended solids are low in weight, preferable transported to centralized treatment
- → The Plug-and-play resource container to be upscaled and implemented locally or as seasonal solutions in the industry or municipalities







www.phosave.com



INNOVATIVE SOLUTION FOR PHOSPHATE RECOVERY FROM EXHAUSTED **EXTINGUISHING POWDERS**

- Raw materials for the production of microgranular fertilizers (about 100.000 tons at EU level);
- Reduction of heavy metals using organic and inorganic **sorbents** (e.i. peats, olive stones, shells, zeolites, clays);
- **Environmental benefits** in terms of reduced greenhouse gas emissions (*Life Cycle Assessment study*).



This project has received funding from the EU's Horizon 2020 research and innovation under Grant programme Agreement No - 724586











CONSULTING

NPHARVEST

Solution for converting wastewater nutrients into eco-friendly fertilizer

Technical path

- Membrane reactor optimization
- Pretreatment development
- End-product optimization
- End-product quality tests
- On-site piloting
- Large-scale piloting

Commercial path

- Market potential of different waste streams
- End-product value chain studies
- Business model development

An improved nitrogen and phosphorus recovery process

for different concentrated liquid waste streams

Emphasis on the end-product quality and resource optimization during recovery process

Project time: 2017 – 2020 npharvest.aalto.fi





Gasum









Markku Ollikainen, University of Helsinki

Gypsum amendment: a cost-effective measure for the protection of the Baltic Sea

Gypsum (CaSO₄ · $2H_2O$)

4 tons per hectare

makes a visible difference







Improves soil structure

Prevents erosion: PP and DRP

Sulfates: peaks small, no harm

Suits well farm practice

Farmers regards gypsum positivelu

Cost: 70€/kg P reduced

P reduction: 50%/ha

Finland: reduction 200-300 t

Baltic Sea: reduction 1500-2000 t

The best known measure!

RAVITA- thinking outside the recovery box



P recovery directly from wastewater



Products: H₃PO₄ & MAP/DAP



Low concentration of MPs

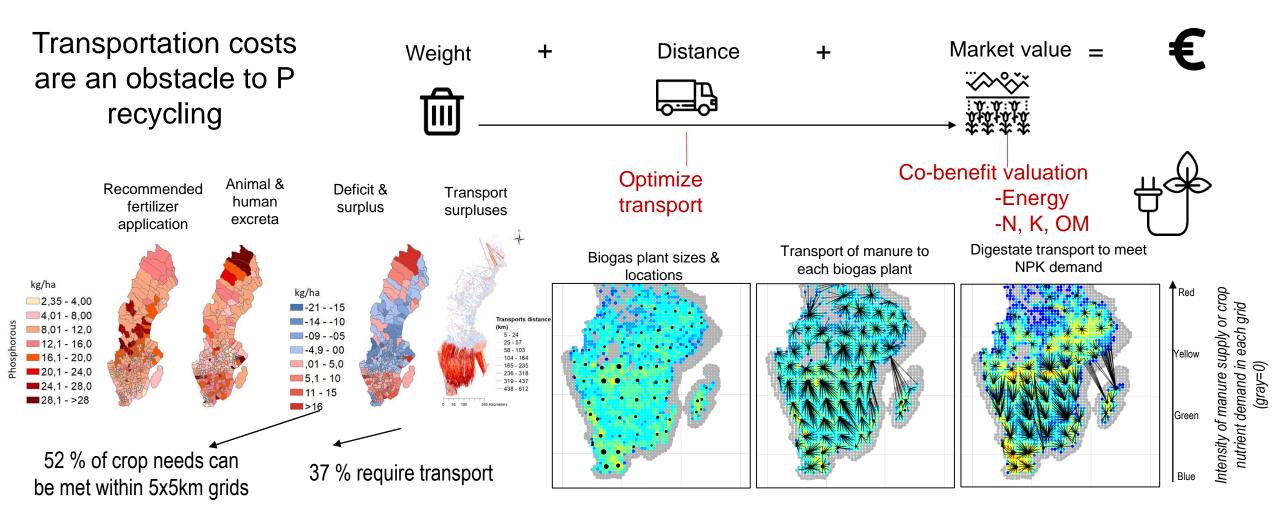


Demo plant at Viikinmäki WWTP (1000 PE)





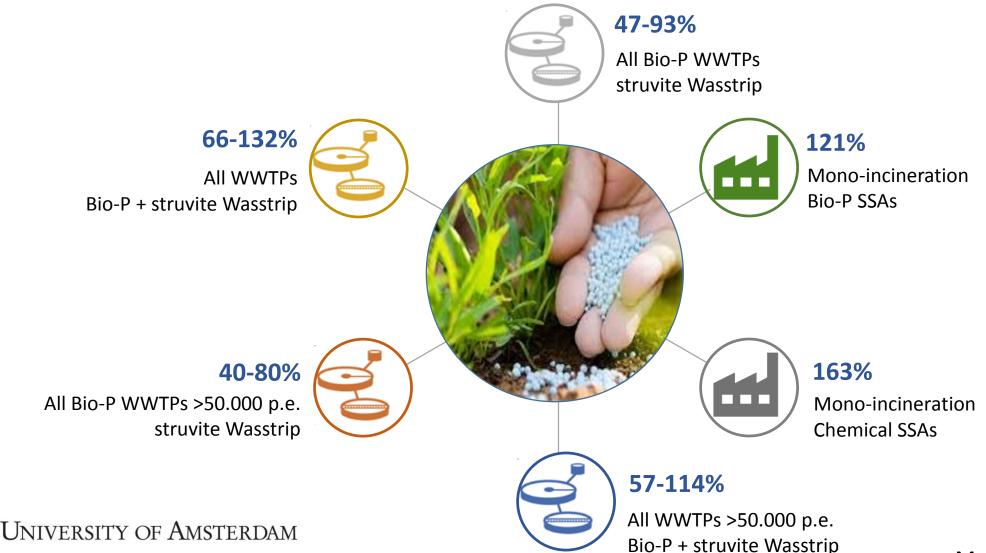
Optimizing P recycling through biogas production in Sweden







P recovery potential from Dutch urban mines



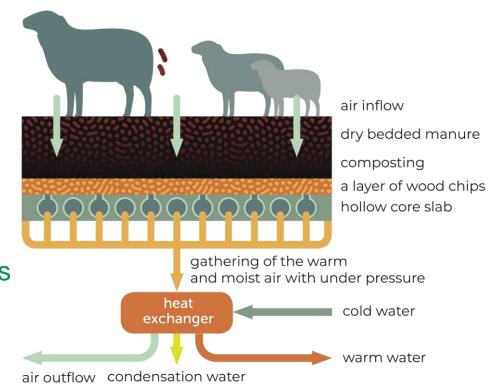


Pasrea Oy - Heat and ammonia recovery from composting

R&D project 03/2017 – 08/2018

Objectives & expected results:

- On-site composting, manure is processed where it drops
- Under pressure aeration, enhances the composting process
- Heat and ammonia reclamation, reduces losses, increases value









Recycling nutrients from pilot production to farms and fields

Increase the use and production of recycling-derived fertiliser products in North-West Europe to 9% of total fertiliser use in 2030



needs: tailor-made products

2. Increase the awareness, acceptance and application by farmers.

3. Enhance the **transnational trade** and **transport** from **surplus** regions to **demand** regions.











Complex - Conflicting - Conflicting

EU level:



a big step forward... some issues to be solved!

National level:

We need more transparency!